

ETHICS AND THE COST OF MORAL TECH DEBT

Iancho Dimitrov

 [linkedin.com/in/iancho](https://www.linkedin.com/in/iancho)

 iancho.d@gmail.com

SFSCON 2025, Bolzano

November 8th, 2025

My context, my motivation

Agenda

1. Why care about Ethics?
2. What is it?
3. What can we do about it?



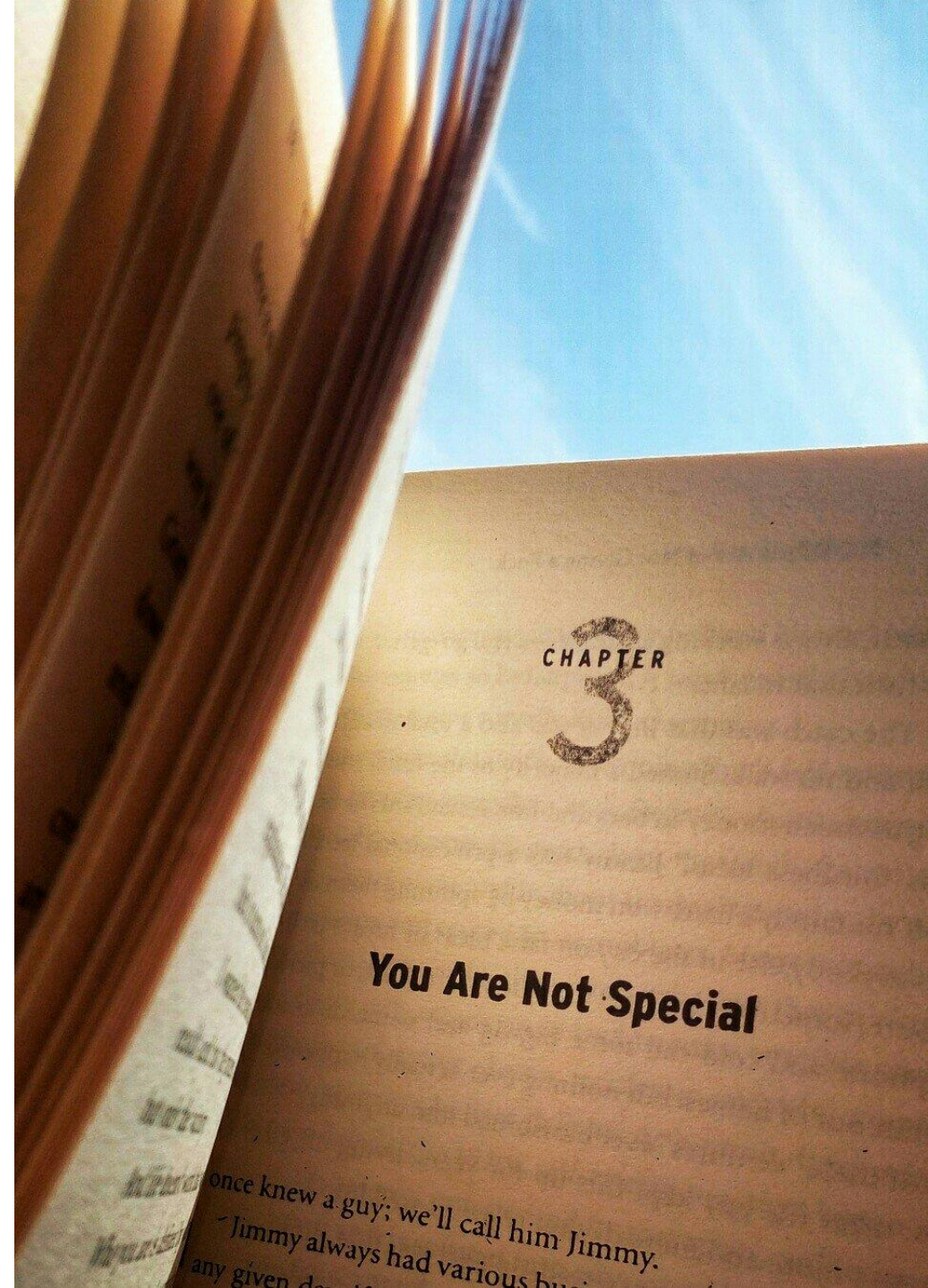
**Software is eating the
world, in all sectors**

Mark Andreessen

founder of Netscape,
renowned Venture Capitalist
Andreessen-Horowitz

We are
not special!

(we're just lucky)



We are
very
~~not~~ special!



The Cost of Moral Tech Debt

(examples of ethical misconduct)

VW Emissions Test Cheating (2015)

- **“Defeat device” software to cheat emissions testing**
 - during lab tests – 40 times less Nitrogen Oxide emissions
 - deliberate scheme misleading regulators and consumers
- **Impact**
 - 11 million vehicles globally, 10 000s tons of excess pollutants
 - 100 – 1000+ estimated premature deaths estimated by MIT teams
- **Outcome**
 - VW pleaded guilty to fraud and deception
 - \$4.3 billion in penalties, \$14.7 billion committed to buy back or fix

DIESELGATE



FB & Cambridge Analytica (2018)

- **Personal data harvested without consent**
 - 3rd-party quiz app collected personal data about its users and their FB friends (~*~)
 - FB misled users and violated prior privacy orders
 - CA exploited the data for political micro targeting
- **Impact**
 - personal data of 50+ million FB users exposed
 - stolen data could be weaponized for political manipulation
- **Outcome**
 - \$5 billion FTC settlement for FB; CA shut down



Cambridge
Analytica



facebook

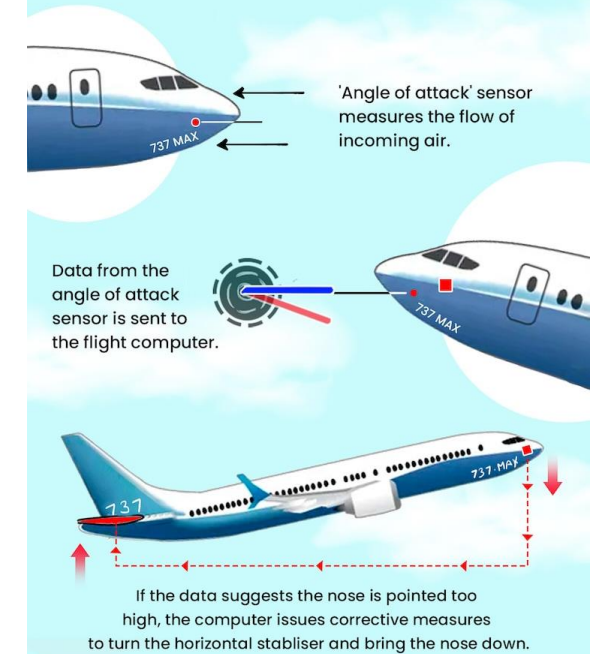
Boeing 737 MAX Software (2018–19)

- **MCAS - Software & Safety Misconduct**

- **cost and speed over safety** – knowingly relied on a single sensor with no redundancy
- **withheld information** about MCAS from regulators and airlines
- **omitted MCAS from pilot manuals** to avoid expensive simulator training
- engineers faced **pressure not to flag safety concerns**
- organizational **culture that silenced criticism**
- **downplayed systemic issues**, attributing 1st crash to pilot error

- **Impact – 346 people lost their lives** in two plane crashes

Boeing 737 MAX's MCAS



...And Many Others

- Apple “Batterygate” iPhone throttling (2017)
- Ashley Madison data breach and deception (2015)
- Uber “Greyball” law evasion program (2014–2017)
- Zenefits licensing cheating scandal (2015–2016)
- Facebook the military crackdown in Myanmar (2017)

So – why care about Ethics?

- 1) Software quietly runs the world – and does harm
- 2) Engineers hold power – and responsibility

...so we'd better ship RELIABILITY – in every sense

Agenda

1. Why care about Ethics?
2. What is it?
3. What can we do about it?

“ Ethics is knowing the **difference between**
what you have a right to do – **and what is right to do.**

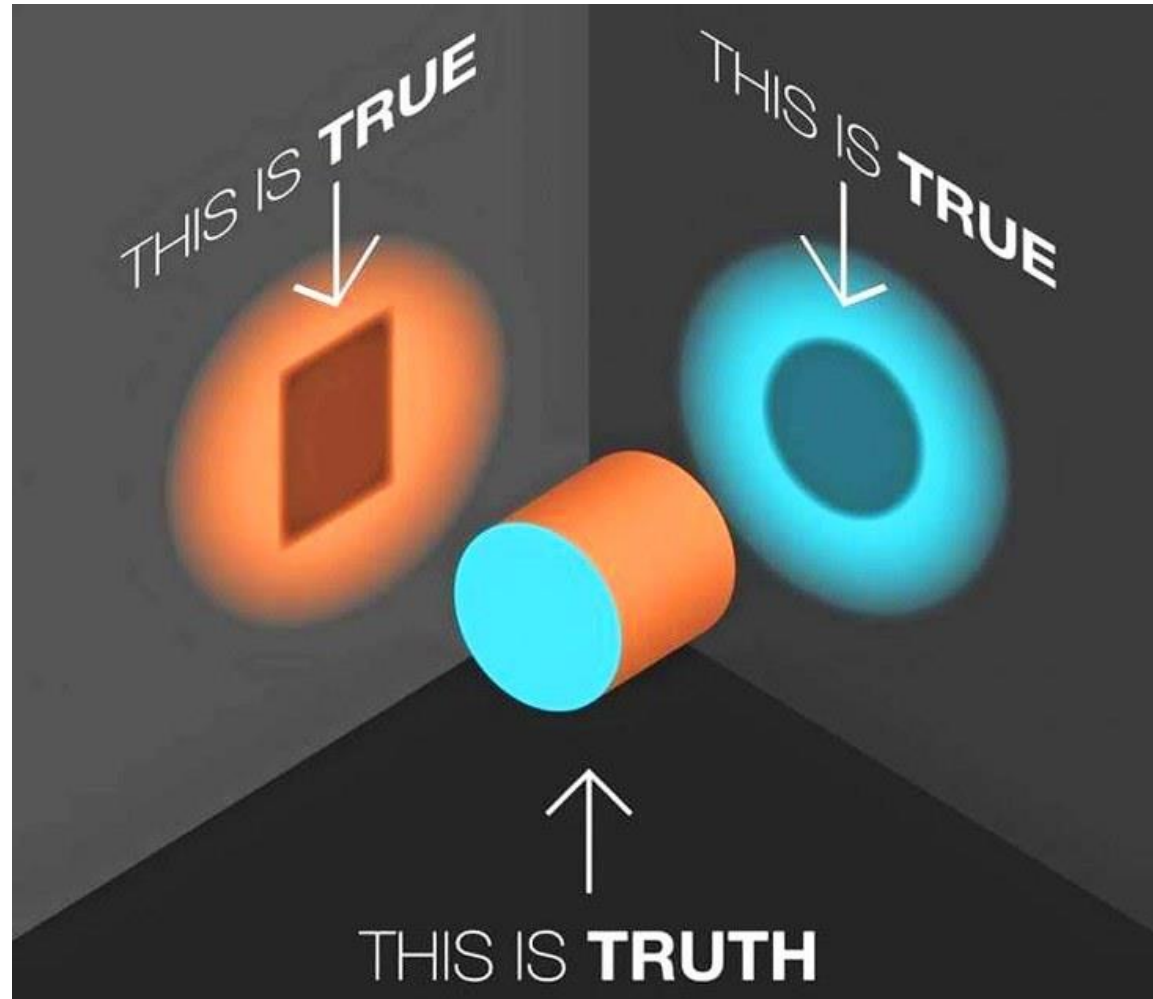
- Potter Stewart, former Associate Justice of the US Supreme Court ”

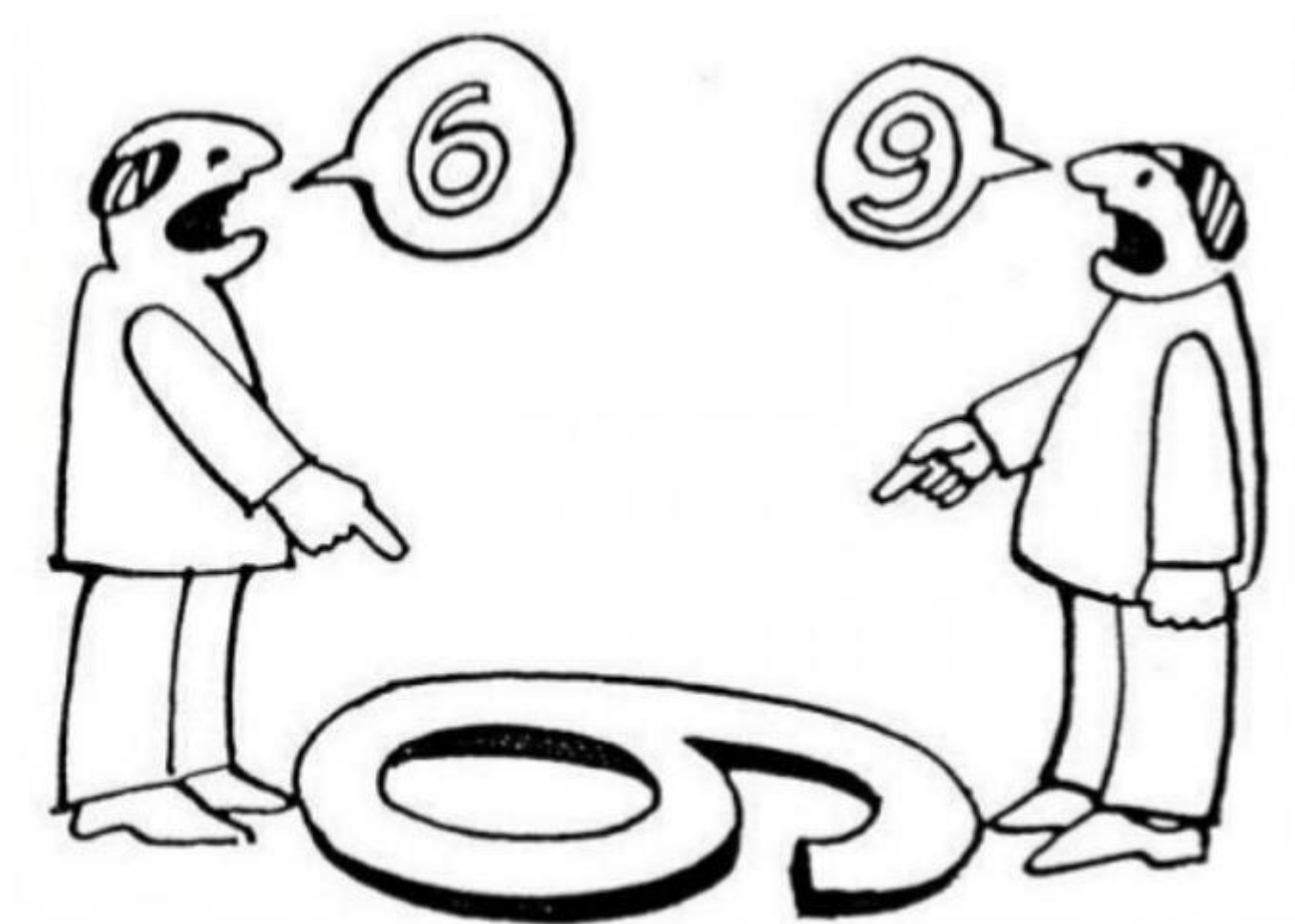
Why is it a hard topic?

- 1) Because "it depends"...
Judging depends on the perspective.









Why is it a hard topic?

- 1) Because "it depends" ...
As judging depends on the perspective.
- 2) And because doing the right thing "hurts".

Ethical Dilemmas and Hard Choices

Dilemmas and Hard Choices

1. Conflicting Stakeholder Interests

- balance **client needs, business goals, and societal impact**
– while not mistreating anyone

2. Addictive Design

- **protect users from addiction to a software product** that can lead to health issues, social isolation, impaired well-being, financial consequences, etc.

3. Manipulative Design

- UI that **intentionally tricks users** (e.g., hard-to-cancel subscriptions, misleading consent options)



Dilemmas and Hard Choices

4. Surveillance and Privacy

- privacy rights and potential **abuse of power** with software that enables **surveillance practices**

5. Algorithmic (and AI) Bias

- promote fairness and equality – by **eliminating bias and discrimination** against certain groups

6. Ethical Use of AI

- potential for **misuse** of AI, such as deep fakes
- **explainability** and transparency



Dilemmas and Hard Choices

7. Data Privacy

- protect **sensitive user data** while still delivering the necessary functionality

8. Security

- **How much protection** is enough?
- **When to disclose** a vulnerability after finding it?

9. Product Safety

- balance **budgets, target deadlines and safety** – esp. in Healthcare, Autonomous Vehicles, Aviation, etc.



Dilemmas and Hard Choices

10. “Ethical Source” licensing (vs. open source)

- restrict software usage for unethical or harmful purposes
- deliberately violating the “Freedom 0” principle of open source



Structuring Ethics

IEEE-CS/ACM Code of Ethics

- ✓ Focus on health, safety and welfare of the public
- ✓ 8 principles:
 - PUBLIC
 - CLIENT AND EMPLOYER
 - PRODUCT
 - JUDGEMENT
 - MANAGEMENT
 - PROFESSION
 - COLLEAGUES
 - SELF

<https://www.computer.org/education/code-of-ethics>



Corporate Code of Ethics – Links for Inspiration

✓ Oracle	<u>Code of Ethics and Business Conduct</u>	
✓ Adobe	<u>Ethics and Integrity</u>	
✓ Salesforce	<u>Ethical and Humane Use of Technology</u>	
✓ Software Mind	<u>Code of Business Ethics</u>	
✓ Beyond.pl	<u>Code of Ethics</u>	
✓ GitLab	<u>Code of Business Conduct & Ethics</u>	
✓ Lucid	<u>Code of Ethics and Conduct</u>	
✓ Shopify	<u>Code of Conduct</u>	

So – what is Ethics about?

- 1) Care and empathy towards people
- 2) Recognizing a case or a situation
- 3) Choosing to do the right thing – even when it hurts

Agenda

1. Why care about Ethics?
2. What is it?
3. What can we do about it?

Every One of Us, Personally

1. Always strive to know and understand the **Big Picture**.
2. **Speak up**, and if needed – **say No**! Especially when no one else does. (~*~)
3. Stand up for and **lend a hand**! To a mistreated colleague, client or partner.
4. **Dig deeper** into the topic of Ethics.
5. Consider the Ethics angle when choosing **your next employer**.
6. Have **courage and integrity**, make the ethically right decisions when it hurts.

At Our Companies

1. Ultimately – **Ethics should come before profits and growth.**
2. **Raise awareness**, promote the topic – do a presentation, “educate” colleagues.
3. Get **Management attention** – suggest establishing a **Code of Ethics** and policies.
4. Get **Management commitment** – regular top management mentions work best.
5. Incorporate Ethics questions in the regular **company assessment survey.**

At Our Companies

6. Consider establishing regular **ethical risk assessments** for projects.
7. Encourage engineers to **raise concerns without fear**, establish confidential reporting channels.
8. **Accountability** - if something unethical slips through, **admit and fix – don't cover up.**
9. User-Centric Design, Privacy and Safety By Design
“Who benefits and **who could be harmed by this feature?**” – for each feature

Beyond Ourselves & Our Companies

1. **Spread the word** and raise awareness – share, discuss with peers.
2. Do a **meetup or conference session** on the topic, share experiences.
3. Engage with **Ethics-related initiatives** in the IT community.

Wrapping Up + Bungee Jumps

When in doubt or tempted to back off –
make the first step mechanically, without thinking!!



^{very}
We are ~~not~~ special,
remember?

...so be strong
and make that bungee step
when you have to!





GRAZIE MILLE FOR YOUR ATTENTION 😊!

Iancho Dimitrov



iancho.d@gmail.com



[linkedin.com/in/iancho](https://www.linkedin.com/in/iancho)