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# Contributing to the CRA Standardization Process

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- California Licensed Attorney
- Litigation and risk management
- 7 years of working with tech
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**DISCLAIMER:** The presentation is general information and not legal advice about your specific situation. I am not your lawyer.

Everything in this presentation is my own opinion and not that of my clients or any official body.

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# What is the CRA again...

## EU WIDE PRODUCT REGULATION

- Digital products placed on the EU market
- Software and hardware ... not services

## GOALS OF THE CRA

- Transparency around product security and breaches
  - Safer software and hardware
  - The transformation of software into a “regulated industry”
  - EU digital sovereignty
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# Is the CRA a risk for me and my FOSS project?

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**NO ...**

## **THE CRA DOESN'T COVER FOSS**

- Traditional FOSS Projects aren't "Products placed on the market"
- Project contributors are free of liability

**UNLESS...**

- The FOSS is "commercial" and provided "for distribution or use on the Union market in the course of a commercial activity, whether in return for payment or free of charge"
- The project is integrated as a component of a commercial product and provided for profit

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# Why should FOSS projects care about the CRA?

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## PRESSURES ON FOSS

- Some FOSS is commercial
- Integrators and partners will want FOSS that complies with the CRA

## POTENTIAL BENEFITS TO FOSS

- CRA and standardization have FOSS input
- Stewards a new form of market actor that could benefit FOSS organizations
- Potential for funding, both for compliance and maintainers

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# CRA Standardization

## THE PROCESS

- Request from European Commission (EC)
- Written by Standards Organizations (ESOs)
- EC Harmonization consultants and public comment
- EC approval as freely available harmonized standard

## THE ADVANTAGE OF A HARMONIZED STANDARD

- Allows “Self-Assessment” using harmonized standard for almost all FOSS products
  - Shifts burden of proof for liability when product follows a harmonized standard
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# Over thirty CRA standards are in process

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## 3 HORIZONTAL STANDARDS

1. Principles for Cyber Resilience
2. Generic Security Requirements
3. Vulnerability Handling

## 30 PLUS VERTICAL STANDARDS

1. Identity Management
2. Browsers
3. AntiVirus Software
4. **VPNS (Consumer & Enterprise)**
5. **Network Management Systems**
6. **SIEM**
7. Boot Managers
8. PKI
9. **Operating Systems**
10. Internet of Things (4 Standards)
11. **Physical and Virtual Interfaces**
12. Hypervisors and Containers
13. Internet Equipment (Routers etc.)
14. Firewalls ....  
Smartcards, Secure Gateways, and more....

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# Focus on verticals

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## THE VERTICAL STANDARDS ARE MORE IMPORTANT TO FOSS

- More likely to obtain harmonization
- Standards likely expand to cover additional product types
- Verticals look at individual product types not aggregate products
- Can provide clarification for components
- More space for contributions and technical expertise
- Design process is more open to public, SMEs and FOSS



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# Vertical standard structure

## PRODUCT BASED STANDARDS

- Standards can only cover the product itself, not the process of its design or use

## RISK FOCUSED STRUCTURE

- Products are defined by Core Functionality
  - Risk Factors derived from low, medium, and high risk uses
  - Security Requirements cover risks associated with Risk Factors
  - Mitigations (tests, features, and documentation) to meet security requirements
  - Sample Use Cases to help manufacturers determine which set of Factors, Requirements and Mitigations are appropriate to their product.
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# Example of the vertical approach

## A NETWORK INTERFACES STANDARD (EN 304 625) SAMPLE

- **Risk Factor**  
[NET], The degree of public access to attached network. Rated from “NET L-0” (private) to “NET L-3” (public).
- **Security Requirement**  
**MI-SSCA:** Static source code analysis for memory errors
- **Mitigation**  
All software and firmware in the product shall be checked for (listed) memory errors using a source code analysis tool
- **Use Case**  
When a the product has a [NET] greater than “NET L-0”

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# How to Get Involved...

## REVIEW AND COMMENT ON VERTICAL STANDARDS

- Early draft standards are available for review at ETSI Labs  
<https://labs.etsi.org/rep/stan4cra>
- All final draft standards will be available for comment next month on the ETSI Labs

## GET MORE INVOLVED

- Talk to OSI, Linux and Eclipse Foundations (or other ESO members) about being named a delegate (technical contributor) to a specific vertical standard effort or possibly the Horizontals
  - Seek a grant from Cyberstand to join ETSI or CEN-CENELEC and attend meetings <https://cyberstand.eu>
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# Resources

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## MY LINKEDIN

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/august-bournique-668b66165/>

## MY WEBSITE

<https://bourniquelaw.com/>

## ETSI LABS

<https://labs.etsi.org/>

## CYBERSTAND.EU

<https://cyberstand.eu/>

## JOINT STANDARDIZATION WEBSITE

<https://www.stan4cra.eu/>

## BSI CRA DASHBOARD

[https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/CRA/Dashboard\\_CRA.pdf?\\_blob=publicationFile&v=2](https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/CRA/Dashboard_CRA.pdf?_blob=publicationFile&v=2)